Consolidated financial statements

31 December 2014

CONTENTS

	Pages
General information	1
Report of management	2
ndependent auditors' report	3 - 4
Consolidated balance sheet	5 - 6
Consolidated income statement	7
Consolidated cash flow statement	8 - 9
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	10 - 39

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Phu Nhuan Jewelry Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0300521758 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 2 January 2004, as amended.

The Company was listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") from 23 March 2009 pursuant to the Decision No. 129/DKNY issued by the General Director of HOSE on 26 December 2008.

The current principal activities of the Company are to trade gold, silver, jewelry and gemstones, and to import and export jewelry in gold, silver and gemstones.

The Company's head office is located at 170E Phan Dang Luu Street, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. In addition, the Company also has one hundred and seventy four (174) retail shops located at various provinces in Vietnam.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors during the year and at the date of this report are:

Ms Cao Thi Ngoc Dung

Chairwoman

Mr Nguyen Vu Phan

Vice Chairman

Ms Nguyen Thi Cuc Mr Nguyen Tuan Quynh

Member Member

Ms Nguyen Thi Bich Ha

Member

Ms Pham Vu Thanh Giang

Member

Mr Andy Ho Ms Nguyen Thi Huong Giang

Member Member

appointed 3 March 2014 resigned 3 March 2014

BOARD OF SUPERVISION

Members of the Board of Supervision during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr Pham Van Tan

Head of the Board of Supervision

Ms Nguyen Ngoc Hue

Member

Mr Tran Van Dan

Member

MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the year and at the date of this report are:

Ms Cao Thi Ngoc Dung

General Director

Mr Le Huu Hanh

Deputy General Director

Ms Nguyen Thi Cuc Mr Nguyen Vu Phan

Deputy General Director Deputy General Director

Ms Pham Thi My Hanh

Deputy General Director

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the year and at the date of this report is Ms Cao Thi Ngoc Dung.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Phu Nhuan Jewelry Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the consolidated financial statements of each financial year which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year. In preparing those consolidated financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the consolidated financial statements; and
- ▶ prepare the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Group and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of management:

COPHAN

VÀNG BẠC ĐÁ Q PHỦ NHUẬV

> Cao Thi Ngoc Dung General Director

30 March 2015



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 28th Floor, Bitexco Financial Tower 2 Hai Trieu Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, S.R. of Vietnam Tel: +84 8 3824 5252 Fax: +84 8 3824 5250 ev.com

Reference: 60984885/16345058-HN

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: The Shareholders of Phu Nhuan Jewelry Joint Stock Company

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Phu Nhuan Jewelry Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") as prepared on 30 March 2015 and set out on pages 5 to 39 which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and the notes thereto.

Management's responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

CÔNG TY
TRÁCH NHỆM HỮU HAN À
ERNST & YDUNG

Duong Le Anthony
Deputy General Director
Audit Practicing Registration Certificate
No. 2223-2013-004-1

Nguyen Thanh Sang

Auditor

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No. 1541-2013-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

30 March 2015

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2014

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Code	AS	SETS	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
100	A.	CURRENT ASSETS		1,830,870,956,574	1,717,592,172,977
110	1.	Cash and cash equivalents	5	272,305,336,075	507,821,745,184
111		1. Cash		37,706,071,196	53,915,192,251
112		2. Cash equivalents		234,599,264,879	453,906,552,933
130	II.	Current accounts receivable	6	71,324,851,689	76,020,840,245
131		Trade receivables	6507	43,282,823,370	52,341,746,512
132		Advances to suppliers		16,213,997,161	8,912,739,502
135		Other receivables		19,615,577,417	23,485,827,790
139		Provision for doubtful debts		(7,787,546,259)	(8,719,473,559)
140	<i>III</i> .	Inventories		1,437,415,596,122	1,087,344,363,095
141		Inventories	7	1,437,415,596,122	1,087,344,363,095
150 151	IV.	Other current assets 1. Short-term prepaid		49,825,172,688	46,405,224,453
vancous.		expenses		27,279,143,455	19,924,285,797
152 154		 Value-added tax deductible Tax and other receivables 		3,659,558,376	12,001,552,590
		from the State		4,653,263,806	1,845,657,246
158		Other current assets	8	14,233,207,051	12,633,728,820
200	В.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		997,801,184,775	1,239,106,817,480
220	I.	Fixed assets		452,468,356,455	474,305,452,792
221		 Tangible fixed assets 	9	160,479,587,999	174,533,720,783
222		Cost		265,520,614,214	290,255,974,492
223		Accumulated depreciation	1	(105,041,026,215)	(115,722,253,709)
227		Intangible fixed assets	10	291,249,678,256	290,655,810,463
228		Cost		293,121,956,571	292,453,176,966
229		Accumulated amortization		(1,872,278,315)	(1,797,366,503)
230		Construction in progress		739,090,200	9,115,921,546
	II.	Investment properties	11	-	75,703,549,357
241		1. Cost			77,473,939,864
242		Accumulated depreciation		=	(1,770,390,507)
250	<i>III.</i>	Long-term investments	12	531,864,217,588	589,705,137,986
252		 Investments in associates 		81,456,342,588	80,652,729,586
258 259		Other long-term investments Provision for long-term		460,716,988,400	523,602,408,400
		investments		(10,309,113,400)	(14,550,000,000)
260	IV.	Other long-term assets		13,468,610,732	14,403,411,252
261		 Long-term prepaid expenses 	14	12,547,147,880	13,701,560,928
262		Deferred tax assets	25.3	921,462,852	701,850,324
269	V.	Goodwill	13	-	84,989,266,093
270	TO	TAL ASSETS		2,828,672,141,349	2,956,698,990,457

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 31 December 2014

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Code	RESOUR	CES	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
300	A. LIABI	LITIES		1,532,149,329,780	1,550,680,871,025
310	I. Curre.	nt liabilities		1,394,564,947,680	1 445 400 700 070
311	1. Sh	nort-term loans	15	1,131,686,128,041	1,415,480,783,876 1,163,972,366,976
312		ade payables	16	140,059,263,813	111,132,232,389
313		ivances from customers		10,577,252,253	8,483,360,904
314		atutory obligations	17	45,893,557,644	48,283,681,689
315	5. Pa	ayables to employees	11.5-0	27,640,951,586	11,299,793,720
316		crued expenses		4,188,467,510	3,524,676,090
319		ther payables	18	27,252,893,412	31,966,060,795
323	8. Bo	onus and welfare fund	0.0000	7,266,433,421	36,818,611,313
330	II. Non-c	urrent liabilities		137,584,382,100	135,200,087,149
333	1. Ot	her long-term liability	·	455,382,100	5,617,050,500
334	2. Lo	ng-term loans	19	137,129,000,000	129,583,036,649
400	B. OWNE	ERS' EQUITY		1,296,522,811,569	1,318,220,581,226
410	I. Capita	n/	20	1,296,522,811,569	1,318,220,581,226
411		are capital	1100000	755,970,350,000	755,970,350,000
412		are premium		105,021,650,000	105,021,650,000
414		easury shares		(7,090,000)	(7,090,000)
417		estment and			1000001
		velopment fund		166,070,897,000	126,070,897,000
418		nancial reserve fund		66,734,153,783	57,634,153,783
420	6. Un	distributed earnings		202,732,850,786	273,530,620,443
439	C. MINOR	RITY INTERESTS		- 2	87,797,538,206
440	TOTAL LIZ OWNERS'	ABILITIES AND		2,828,672,141,349	2,956,698,990,457

OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEM

ITEM		Ending balance	Beginning balance
Foreign currencies: - United States dollar ("USD") - Gold taels - Australian Dollar ("AUD")	1	8,382 6,409 co30,006	58,203 6,770
		PHYTO SAC BE QUE	1/2

Duong Quang Hai

Preparer

Dang Thi Lai Chief Accountant Cao Thi Ngoc Dung General Director

PHENHUÂN

30 March 2015

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2014

Code	ITEMS			I VA
code	TIEWS	Notes	Current year	Previous yea
01	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	21.1	9,297,810,872,565	8,973,965,897,999
02	2. Deduction	21.1	(98,592,775,013)	(59,783,311,660
10	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	21.1	9,199,218,097,552	8,914,182,586,33
11	4. Costs of goods sold and services rendered	22	(8,309,982,541,638)	(8,244,494,727,893
20	 Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services 		889,235,555,914	669,687,858,442
21	6. Finance income	21.2	18,739,496,430	23,797,867,875
22 23	7. Finance expenses - In which: Interest expense	23	(90,254,654,225) (79,682,197,799)	(84,970,680,816 (83,525,727,307
24	8. Selling expenses		(354,954,031,945)	(262,496,218,357
25	9. General and administrative expenses		(129,618,733,552)	(113,373,916,451
30	10. Operating profit		333,147,632,622	232,644,910,693
31	11. Other income		2,668,838,792	3,181,797,66
32	12. Other expenses		(1,586,537,533)	(2,239,943,652
40	13. Other profit		1,082,301,259	941,854,00
45	14. Share of profit (loss) of associates		803,613,002	(579,477,436
50	15. Profit before tax		335,033,546,883	233,007,287,26
51	16. Current corporate income ta: expense	x 25.1	(79,455,050,132)	(64,190,342,200
52	17. Deferred income tax benefit	25.3	293,307,944	220,310,69
60	18. Net profit after tax Attributable to:		255,871,804,695	169,037,255,75
61	Minority interests		13,376,498,721	5,866,063,30
62	Equity holders of the Company		242,495,305,974	163,171,192,45
70	Basic and diluted earnings per share (VND/share)	20.4	Co.3,208	2,23

Duong Quang Hai Preparer Dang Thi Lai Chief Accountant Cao Thi Ngoc Dung General Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2014

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM			
2042	OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Profit before tax		335,033,546,883	233,007,287,265
5000	Adjustments for:			200,007,207,200
02	Depreciation and amortization		31,011,683,393	23,809,470,760
03	Provisions		468,396,300	967,254,900
05	Profits from investing activities		(16,087,701,495)	(14,205,354,346)
06	Interest expense	23	79,682,197,799	83,525,727,307
08	Operating profit before changes			
	in working capital		430,108,122,880	327,104,385,886
09	(Increase) decrease in		,,,	027,104,000,000
6.927	receivables		(20,105,968,511)	1,257,008,085
10	Increase in inventories		(392,583,571,977)	(296,208,235,977)
11	Increase in payables		76,335,837,103	77,256,168,164
12	Increase in prepaid expenses		(6,200,444,610)	(13, 198, 313, 124)
13	Interest paid	054560000	(79,682,197,799)	(83,525,727,307)
14	Corporate income tax paid	25.2	(79,187,348,685)	(43,806,298,357)
15	Other cash inflows from			
16	operating activities Other cash outflows from		-	30,001,580,000
10	operating activities		(47 474 202 526)	(04 000 000 704)
	operating activities		(47,174,283,526)	(24,326,682,734)
20	Net cash flows used in operating			
	activities		(118,489,855,125)	(25,446,115,364)
	II. CASH FLOWS FROM			
	INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchase and construction of			
	fixed assets		(34,530,888,745)	(56,559,512,129)
22	Proceeds from disposals of			N 28 25 20 20
	fixed assets		642,272,726	8,041,831,601
25	Payments for investments in			
N-101-0056	other entities			153,763,708,000
26	Proceeds from sale of		2	
	investments in other entities		9,149,322,084	
27	Interest and dividends received		21,718,529,735	13,884,155,145
30	Net cash flows (used in) from			
	investing activities		(3,020,764,200)	119,130,182,617
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM			
- 1	FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
32	Issuance of shares		4	35,992,000,000
33	Drawdown of borrowings		6,042,963,679,870	4,889,634,614,815
34	Repayment of borrowings		(5,915,061,935,454)	(4,886,547,452,190)
36	Dividends paid	20.2	(241,907,534,200)	(93,597,185,500)
	Not and flower 11 flower		vaecum var earchickers ealers in 1971	n 1490 to the control of the Control of the 1951
40	Net cash flows used in financing		(444 OOF 700 704)	(EA E40 022 075)
	activities		(114,005,789,784)	(54,518,022,875)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
50	Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(235,516,409,109)	39,166,044,378
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		507,821,745,184	468,655,700,806
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	5	272,305,336,075	507,821,745,184

Duong Quang Hai Preparer Dang Thi Lai Chief Accountant

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Cao Thi Ngoc Dung General Director

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COPHAN

30 March 2015

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Phu Nhuan Jewelry Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0300521758 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 2 January 2004, as amended.

The Company was listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") from 23 March 2009 pursuant to the Decision No. 129/DKNY issued by the General Director of HOSE on 26 December 2008.

The current principal activities of the Company are to trade gold, silver, jewelry and gemstones, and to import and export jewelry in gold, silver and gemstones.

The Company's head office is located at 170E Phan Dang Luu Street, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. In addition, the Company also has one hundred and seventy four (174) retail shops located in various provinces in Vietnam.

The number of the Group's employees as at 31 December 2014 was 2,494 (31 December 2013: 2,653).

Corporate structure

The Company's corporate structure includes two subsidiaries, as follows:

CAO Fashion Company Limited ("CFC"), a one-member limited liability company, was established under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0309279212 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 14 August 2009. CFC's registered head office is located at 170E Phan Dang Luu Street, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. CFC's principal activities are to produce and trade fashion products, silver and gold jewelery, and art and craft products, and to import and export art and craft products.

PNJ Laboratory Company Limited ("PLC"), a one-member limited liability company, was established under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0310521330 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 16 December 2010. PLC's registered head office is located at 205 Phan Dang Luu Street, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. PLC's principal activities are to provide jewelery inspection and consultancy services.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting standards and system

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Accounting standards and system (continued)

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement, consolidated cash flow statement and related notes, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2.2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Group's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

2.3 Fiscal year

The Group's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its consolidated financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

2.4 Accounting currency

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Group's accounting currency.

2.5 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-company balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains or losses resulting from intra-company transactions are eliminated in full.

Minority interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated income statement and within equity in the consolidated balance sheet, separately from parent shareholders' equity.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks, gold, and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the consolidated financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the consolidated income statement.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.3 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, and net realisable value.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The perpetual method is used to record inventories, which are valued as follows:

Merchandises, consumables, and raw materials

cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

Taw materials

Finished goods and work-in process - cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity on a weighted average basis.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of merchandise goods, raw materials, finished goods, and other inventories owned by the Group, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date.

Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the consolidated income statement.

3.4 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortization.

The cost of a fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the consolidated income statement as incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation or amortization are removed from the consolidated balance sheet and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the consolidated income statement.

Land use rights

Land use right is recorded as an intangible fixed asset on the consolidated balance sheet when the Group obtained the land use right certificates. The costs of land use right comprise all directly attributable costs of bringing the land lot to the condition available for intended use.

3.5 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortization of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures 5 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment 3 - 15 years
Motor vehicles 4 - 10 years
Office equipment 3 - 8 years
Computer software 3 years

The useful life of the fixed assets and depreciation and amortization rates are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and the period of the depreciation and amortisation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits that will be derived from the use of fixed assets.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost including transaction costs less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognized is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Group.

Depreciation of investment properties are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Land use rights Buildings 10 years

gs 10 years

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the consolidated income statement in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

3.7 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and are recorded as expense during the year in which they are incurred.

3.8 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the consolidated balance sheet and are amortized over the year for which the amounts are paid or the year in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

The following types of expenses are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses and are amortised to the consolidated income statement.

- Prepaid rental includes land and shop rental prepaid for many years under operating lease contracts and are amortized over the lease term;
- Tools and consumables with large value issued in use and can be used for more than one year; and
- Others are amortized to the consolidated income statement over 2 to 3 years.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.9 Investments in associates

The Group's investment in its associates is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence that is neither subsidiaries nor joint ventures. The Group generally deems they have significant influence if they have over 20% of the voting rights.

Under the equity method, the investment is carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost plus post acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associates. Goodwill arising on acquisition of the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is amortized over a 10-year year. The consolidated income statement reflects the share of the post-acquisition results of operation of the associate.

The share of post-acquisition profit (loss) of the associates is presented on face of the consolidated income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Dividends receivable from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared for the same reporting year and use the same accounting policies as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

3.10 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of a business combination is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. Identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair values at the date of business combination.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation of goodwill is calculated on a straight-line basis over 10 years during which the source embodying economic benefits are covered by the Group.

3.11 Investments in securities and other investments

Investments in securities and other investments are stated at their acquisition costs.

3.12 Provision for investments

Provision is made for any diminution in value of the investments at the balance sheet date in accordance with the guidance under the Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 7 December 2009 and the Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 28 June 2013. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expenses in the consolidated income statement.

3.13 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

3.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Group's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of the year, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at buying exchange rate announced by the commercial bank where the Group maintains bank accounts ruling at the balance sheet date. All realised and unrealised foreign exchange differences are taken to the consolidated income statement.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.14 Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

3.15 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval in the shareholders' meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Group's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Group maintains the following reserve funds which are appropriated from the Group's net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting.

Financial reserve fund

This fund is set aside to protect the Group's normal operations from business risks or losses, or to prepare for unforeseen losses or damages for objective reasons and force majeure, such as fire, economic and financial turmoil of the country or elsewhere.

Investment and development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Group's expansion of its operation or in-depth investments.

Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits and, and presented as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet.

3.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit after tax for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

3.16 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Revenue is recognised when the service has been rendered.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues unless collectability is in doubt.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.17 Revenue recognition (continued)

Dividends

Income is recognised when the Group's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

3.18 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Group to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the Group intends to settle its current income tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except where the deferred income tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred income tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred income tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Group to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or when the Group intends either settle current income tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future year in which significant amounts of deferred income tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.19 Financial instruments

Financial instruments - initial recognition and presentation

Financial assets

Financial assets within the scope of the Circular No. 210 /2009/TT-BTC dated 6 November 2009 issued by the Ministry of Finance providing guidance for the adoption in Vietnam of the International Financial Reporting Standards on presentation and disclosures of financial instruments ("Circular 210") are classified, for disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables or available-for-sale financial assets as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

All financial assets are recognised initially at cost plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial assets include cash, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of Circular 210 are classified, for disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortised cost as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, and loans.

Financial instruments - subsequent re-measurement

There is currently no guidance in Circular 210 in relation to subsequent re-measurement of financial instruments. Accordingly, the financial instruments are subsequently re-measured at cost.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.20 Segment information

A segment is a component determined separately by the Group which is engaged in providing products or related services (business segment), or providing products or services in a particular economic environment (geographical segment), that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments.

4. DISPOSAL OF EQUITY INTEREST

On 23 September 2014, the Company disposed all shares in Sai Gon Fuel Joint Stock Company to Ms Tran Thi Thu Phuong and Sai Gon Transport Agency Joint Stock Company in accordance with the Share Transfer Agreements dated 23 September 2014 at the selling price of VND 174,453,518,000. Accordingly, the Group incurred a loss of VND 1,667,321,778 from this transaction, and was recognised in the consolidated income statement (Note 23).

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

			VND
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
	Cash on hand Cash at banks	29,251,327,486 6,653,427,710	33,096,471,915 18,313,361,447
	Cash in transit	1,801,316,000	2,505,358,889
	Cash equivalents	234,599,264,879	453,906,552,933
	TOTAL	272,305,336,075	507,821,745,184
6.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
			VND
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
	Trade receivables	43,282,823,370	52,341,746,512
	In which:		
	Due from third parties	43,282,823,370	52,341,746,512
	Advances to suppliers	16,213,997,161	8,912,739,502
	In which:		
	Due from third parties	16,213,997,161	8,912,739,502
	Other receivables	19,615,577,417	23,485,827,790
	In which:		
	Due from third parties	19,615,577,417	23,485,827,790
	Provision for doubtful debts	(7,787,546,259)	(8,719,473,559)
	NET	71,324,851,689	76,020,840,245
	Details of movements of provision for do	oubtful debts	
			VND
		Current year	Previous year
	At beginning of year Add: Provision during the year	8,719,473,559	7,752,218,659 967,254,900
	Less: Disposal of a subsidiary	(931,927,300)	
	At end of year	7,787,546,259	8,719,473,559
		11	

7. INVENTORIES

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Merchandise goods Finished goods Work in process Tools and supplies Raw materials	1,252,394,534,919 129,280,128,300 25,709,641,474 19,923,350,233 9,498,967,373	974,547,900,904 34,000,318,883 23,435,085,328 15,249,323,609 35,727,945,679
Goods in transit	608,973,823	4,383,788,692
TOTAL	1,437,415,596,122	1,087,344,363,095

Inventories of VND 570,000,000,000 were pledged as collateral for short-term loans obtained from commercial banks (Note 15).

8. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
13,588,573,996	11,685,238,240
14,233,207,051	948,490,580 12,633,728,820
	13,588,573,996 644,633,055

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for year ended 31 December 2014

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

					QNA
	bundings and structures	Macninery and equipment	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
Cost:					
Beginning balance Additions	147,284,311,942 3,855,569,925	111,093,495,287 28,312,584,378	13,374,704,748 3,578,453,727	18,503,462,515 570,841,192	290,255,974,492 36,317,449,222
Decrease are to disposar of a subsidiary Disposals	(27,516,251,371)	(17,901,134,848) (4,505,491,463)	(1,570,039,031) (4,945,665,483)	(1,240,563,717) (308,326,073)	(48,227,988,967) (12,824,820,533)
Ending balance	120,558,292,982	116,999,453,354	10,437,453,951	17,525,413,917	265,520,614,214
In which: Fully depreciated	101,262,000	40,096,488,007	3,037,674,490	2,364,791,157	45,600,215,654
Accumulated depreciation:					
Beginning balance Depreciation for the year	(23,962,054,915) (6,265,492,687)	(70,618,706,336) (11,795,555,747)	(10,043,223,644) (843,260,685)	(11,098,268,814) (3,315,942,923)	(115,722,253,709) (22,220,252,042)
of a subsidiary Disposals	10,862,804,631 3,065,337,514	8,282,131,173 3,903,800,612	537,940,054 5,259,110,533	672,853,956	20,355,729,814
Ending balance	(16,299,405,457)	(70,228,330,298)	(5,089,433,742)	(13,423,856,718)	(105,041,026,215)
Net carrying amount: Beginning balance	123,322,257,027	40,474,788,951	3,331,481,104	7,405,193,701	174,533,720,783
Ending balance	104,258,887,525	46,771,123,056	5,348,020,219	4,101,557,199	160,479,587,999

Buildings and machineries with the carrying amount of VND 15,234,478,078 were pledged to obtain loans from commercial banks (Note 19).

10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			VND
	Land use rights	Computer software	Total
Cost:			
Beginning balance Additions Decrease due to disposal of	291,340,705,353	1,112,471,613 6,826,215,970	292,453,176,966 6,826,215,970
a subsidiary	(6,157,436,365)		(6,157,436,365)
Ending balance	285,183,268,988	7,938,687,583	293,121,956,571
Accumulated amortization:			
Beginning balance Amortization for the year Decrease due to disposal of	(1,029,617,114) (123,262,190)	(767,749,389) (1,104,528,926)	(1,797,366,503) (1,227,791,116)
a subsidiary	1,152,879,304		1,152,879,304
Ending balance		(1,872,278,315)	(1,872,278,315)
Net carrying amount:			
Beginning balance	290,311,088,239	344,722,224	290,655,810,463
Ending balance	285,183,268,988	6,066,409,268	291,249,678,256

Land use rights with the carrying amount of VND 69,152,139,738 were pledged to obtain loans from commercial banks (Note 19).

11. INVESTEMENT PROPERTIES

			VND
	Land use right	Building	Total
Cost:			
Beginning balance Decrease from disposal of a	77,157,702,364	316,237,500	77,473,939,864
subsidiary Reclassified	(77,245,002,199) 87,299,835	(316,237,500)	(77,561,239,699) 87,299,835
Ending balance			
Accumulated amortization:			
Beginning balance Depreciation for the year Decrease from disposal of a	(1,499,089,869) (360,993,942)	(271,300,638) (492,967,391)	(1,770,390,507) (853,961,333)
subsidiary	2,183,328,747	764,268,029	2,947,596,776
Reclassified	(323,244,936)		(323,244,936)
Ending balance		-	
Net carrying amount:			
Beginning balance	75,658,612,495	44,936,862	75,703,549,357
Ending balance			

12. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

12.1 Investment in associate

Name	Ending balan	ce	Begi	inning bala	ance
	Cost of investment	% of interest	inv	Cost of restment	% of interest
Dong A Land Joint Stock	VND			VND	
Company	81,456,342,588	30.62	80,652,	729,586	30.62
					VND
		Ending	g balance	Beginnin	g balance
Cost of investment in associal Accumulated loss of the association		(8,540	6,300,000 ,632,787)	(9,344	6,300,000 ,245,789)
Dividends received		(1,869	,324,625)	(1,869	,324,625)
TOTAL		81,456	6,342,588	80,65	2,729,586

Dong A Land Joint Stock Company ("DAL") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 4103001739 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 24 July 2003. DAL's registered head office is located at 43R/12, Ho Van Hue Street, Ward 9, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. DAL's principal activities are to provide design services, project management, construction services, to provide real estate consulting services and real estate agency, and to trade houses and interior products.

12.2 Other long-term investments

Name	Endii	ng balance	Begini	ning balance
	Number of shares	Cost of investment	Number of shares	Cost of investment
		VND		VND
Dong A Joint Stock Commercial Bank (DAB) (i)	38,496,250	395,271,613,400	38,496,250	395,271,613,400
Saigon M&C Real Estate Joint Stock Company	2,615,215	65,380,375,000	2,615,215	65,380,375,000
Que huong Liberty Joint Stock Company		(50)	916,662	42,499,920,000
Hoang Minh Giam project		-	-	10,089,500,000
Gia Dinh Development Investment Corporation		-	625,000	10,000,000,000
Petec Coffee Joint stock Company		(#2)	29,200	296,000,000
Others	19	65,000,000		65,000,000
TOTAL		460,716,988,400		523,602,408,400
Provision for long-term investments		(10,309,113,400)		(14,550,000,000)
NET		450,407,875,000		509,052,408,400

⁽i) DAB's shares were pledged to obtain loans from commercial banks (Note 15).

12. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

13.

14.

12.3 Provision for long-term investments

	Current year	VND Previous year
At beginning of year Add: Provision created during the year Less: Decrease due to disposal of a subsidiary	14,550,000,000	10,800,000,000 3,750,000,000
At end of year	10,309,113,400	14,550,000,000
GOODWILL		
Movements in goodwill during the year are as follo	ows:	
		VND
Cost:		
Beginning balance Decrease from disposal of a subsidiary		89,462,385,361 (89,462,385,361)
Ending balance		-
Accumulated amortisation:		
Beginning balance Amortisation for the year Decrease from disposal of a subsidiary		(4,473,119,268) (6,709,678,902) 11,182,798,170
Ending balance		
Net carrying amount:		
Beginning balance		84,989,266,093
Ending balance		-
LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES		
		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Office and retail shop renovation costs Retail shop rentals Tool and supplies	4,158,587,626 3,198,215,073 5,190,345,181	6,831,856,742 3,670,835,189 3,198,868,997
TOTAL	12,547,147,880	13,701,560,928

15. SHORT-TERM LOANS

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Short-term loans from banks (i) Short-term loans from individuals (ii) Current portion of long-term loans (Note 19)	804,324,426,041 317,316,702,000 10,045,000,000	921,080,789,816 234,315,577,160 8,576,000,000
TOTAL	1,131,686,128,041	1,163,972,366,976

(i) Details of short-term loans with floating rate from commercial banks to finance the Group's working capital requirements are as follows:

Group's working capital in	equirements are as	follows:		
Banks	Ending balance	Maturity date	Interest	Collateral
	VND		% p.a.	
Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Main Transaction Office	208,300,000,000	From 9 January 2015 to 26 March 2015	From 6 to 6.5	The Group's DAB shares
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade - Ho Chi Minh Branch	138,453,326,647	From 6 January 2015 to 30 March 2015	From 2.8 to 5.9	Inventories
Joint Stock Company Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Ho Chi Minh Branch	122,893,085,681	From 3 January 2015 to 23 March 2015	From 2.8 to 5.9	Unsecured
Southeast Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank	90,000,000,000	From 11 March 2015 to 29 March 2015	6.5	Unsecured
Petrolimex Group Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Ho Chi Minh Branch	70,000,000,000	From 27 February 2015 to 9 March 2015	6	Inventories
CTBC Bank Company Limtied – Ho Chi Minh Branch	63,000,000,000	From 10 January 2015 to 30 January 2015	From 5.2 to 5.5	Unsecured
Shinhan Bank Vietnam Limited – Ho Chi Minh Branch	60,000,000,000	From 10 January 2015 to 30	From 5 to 5.5	Unsecured
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank – Ho Chi Minh Branch	20,393,013,713	From 25 January 2015 to 28 February 2015	4.7	Inventories
Ho Chi Minh City Housing Development Commercial Joint Stock Bank – Ho Chi Minh Branch	15,900,000,000	09 January 2015	5.7	Inventories
Vietnam Prosperity Joint Stock Commercial Bank - Ho Chi Minh Brach	15,385,000,000	19 February 2015	4.5	Inventories
TOTAL	804,324,426,041			

SHORT-TERM LOANS (continued)

(ii)	Details of individ	ual loans with	floating	rate	to	finance	the	Group's	working	capital
	requirements are	as follows:	ere i siramor a .					. HONORED BOX		7.716/250

Lender	Ending balance	Maturity date	Interest	Collateral
	VND		% p.a.	
Individuals	317,316,702,000	2 July 2015	From 1 to 5	Unsecured

16. TRADE PAYABLES

TOTAL	140,059,263,813	111,132,232,389
Due to third parties Due to a related party	140,059,263,813	109,627,278,389 1,504,954,000
	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance

17. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Corporate income tax (Note 25.2)	32,257,181,575	34,652,596,198
Value-added tax	13,079,594,203	7,371,279,970
Others	556,781,866	6,259,805,521
TOTAL	45,893,557,644	48,283,681,689

18. OTHER PAYABLES

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Trade union fees Social and health insurance Others	4,912,336,783 	577.634.092 5,824,124,515 25,564,302,188
TOTAL	27,252,893,412	31,966,060,795

19. LONG-TERM LOANS

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Loans from banks	147,174,000,000	138,159,036,649
In which: Current portion (Note 15) Non-current portion	10,045,000,000 137,129,000,000	8,576,000,000 129,583,036,649

Details of the long-term loans with floating rate from the commercial banks to finance the Group's working capital requirements are as follows:

Banks	Ending balance VND	Maturity date	Interest % p.a.	Collateral
Dong A Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Head Office	78,128,000,000	29 April 2016	6	Land use right of land lot located at 577 Nguyen Kiem, Ward 9, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City; house located at 52A- 52B Nguyen Van Troi Street, Ward 15, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh City and building and structures located at Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Thanh Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City
Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Main Transaction Office	59,001,000,000	31 December 2020	6.5	Land use right of land lot located at 16-18 Thu Khoa Huan street, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City
TOTAL	137,129,000,000			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for year ended 31 December 2014

20. OWNERS' EQUITY

20.1 Movements in owners' equity

				Investment and	Financial	Undistributed	NND
	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	development fund	reserve fund	earnings	Total
Previous year							
Beginning balance Capital increase Net profit for	719,978,350,000 35,992,000,000	105,021,650,000	(000'060'2)	96,070,897,000	96,070,897,000 46,376,732,783	274,298,476,490	1,241,739,016,273 35,992,000,000
the year	9	30	•		£.	163,171,192,453	163.171.192.453
Dividends paid			•	r		(93,597,185,500)	(93,597,185,500)
Profit appropriation	•	300	1	30,000,000,000	11,257,421,000	(41,257,421,000)	
and welfare fund				1	2	(29,084,442,000)	(29,084,442,000)
Ending balance	755,970,350,000 105,021,650,000	105,021,650,000	(7,090,000)	126,070,897,000	57 634,153,783	273,530,620,443	1,318,220,581,226
Current year							
Beginning balance Net profit for	755,970,350,000 105,021,650,000	105,021,650,000	(000'060')	126,070,897,000	57,634,153,783	273,530,620,443	1,318,220,581,226
the year		36	•	*	1	242,495,305,974	242,495,305,974
Dividends paid	1	î	•	•	9	(241,907,534,200)	(241,907,534,200)
Profit appropriation	1	3	1	40,000,000,000	9,100,000,000	(49,100,000,000)	
and welfare fund	1			•		(22,285,541,431)	(22,285,541,431)
Ending balance	755,970,350,000 105,021,650,000	105,021,650,000	(7,090,000)	166,070,897,000	66,734,153,783	202,732,850,786	1,296,522,811,589

20. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

20.2 Capital transactions with owners and distribution of dividends

		Current year	VND Previous year
	Contributed share capital		
	Beginning balance Increase in year	755,970,350,000	719,978,350,000 35,992,000,000
	Ending balance	755,970,350,000	755,970,350,000
	Dividends paid Dividends declared	241,907,534,200 241,907,534,200	93,597,185,500 93,597,185,500
20.3	Shares – ordinary shares		
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
		Number of shares	Number of shares
	Shares authorised to be issued Shares issued and fully paid	75,597,035	75,597,035
	Ordinary shares	75,597,035	75,597,035
	Treasury shares Ordinary shares	(709)	(709)
	Shares in circulation Ordinary shares	75,596,326	75,596,326

20.4 Earnings per share

The following table shows the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders		
of the Company	242,495,305,974	163,171,192,453
Weighted average number of ordinary shares during the year for basic earnings per share	75,596,326	72,877,150
Basic and diluted earnings per share	3,208	2,239

There have been no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the year and up to the date of these consolidated financial statements.

21. REVENUE

21.2

22.

21.1 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Gross revenue	9,297,810,872,565	8,973,965,897,995
Of which:		-,-,-,-,-,-,
Sale of gold, silver and jewelry	7,293,513,471,782	7 611 715 510 100
Sale of oil, gasoline	1,968,961,904,427	7,611,715,510,190
Rendering of services	20,613,001,351	1,313,994,762,889 29,913,547,651
Sale of accessories	14,722,495,005	10,455,218,391
Sale of investment properties	14,122,433,003	7,886,858.874
Less:	(00 500 575 040)	11#100000#0000#000#0000#0000#0000
	(98,592,775,013)	(59,783,311,660)
Sales return	(16,390,474,227)	(11,963,078,881)
Value-added tax applying direct method	(82,202,300,786)	(47,820,232,779)
Net revenue	9,199,218,097,552	8,914,182,586,335
Of which:	0,100,210,001,002	0,014,102,000,000
Sale of gold, silver and jewelry	7,195,380,287,678	7,551,932,198,530
Sale of oil, gasoline	1,968,502,313,518	1,313,994,762,889
Rendering of services	20,613,001,351	29,913,547,651
Sale of accessories	14,722,495,005	10,455,218,391
Sale of investment properties	14,722,430,000	7,886,858,874
Finance income		
		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Interest income	9,907,458,935	8,910,778,895
Dividends earned	8,422,164,000	4,973,376,250
Foreign exchange gains	409,104,517	9,913,712,730
Others	768,978	
TOTAL	18,739,496,430	23,797,867,875
COSTS OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVIC	ES RENDERED	
		VAID
	Current year	VND Previous year
	889	
Cost of gold, silver and gemstone	6,406,635,018,755	6,949,345,429,458
Cost of oil, gasoline	1,889,614,030,755	1,276,501,528,129
Cost of accessories	10,339,492,458	8,316,439,999
Cost of rendering of services	3,393,999,670	3,241,020,899
Cost of investment properties		7,090,309,408
TOTAL	8,309,982,541,638	8,244,494,727,893

23. FINANCE EXPENSES

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Interest expense	79,682,197,799	83,525,727,307
Loss from disposal of its investment	6,772,956,000	00,020,727,007
Loss from disposal a subsidiary	1,667,321,778	2
Realised foreign exchange losses (Reversal provision) provision for	964,406,647	530,688,195
investments	(490,724,600)	914,265,314
Others	1,658,496,601	*
TOTAL	90,254,654,225	84,970,680,816

24. PRODUCTION AND OPERATING COSTS

	VND
Current year	Previous year
8,318,149,954,817	6,872,839,994,572
196,647,826,741	206,253,924,347
31,011,683,393	23,809,470,760
140,630,305,595	60,407,074,545
7,691,926,404	33,189,953,509
8,694,131,696,950	7,196,500,417,733
	8,318,149,954,817 196,647,826,741 31,011,683,393 140,630,305,595 7,691,926,404

25. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The Group has the obligation to pay corporate income tax ("CIT") at the rate of 22% of taxable profits.

The tax returns filed by the Group are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

25.1 CIT expense

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Current CIT expense	79,455,050,132	63,397,865,936
Adjustment for under accrual of tax from prior years		792,476,264
TOTAL	79,455,050,132	64,190,342,200

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014

25. CORPORATE INCOME TAX (continued)

25.2 Current CIT

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the current year. The taxable profit of the Group for the year differs from the profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are not taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted at balance sheet date.

A reconciliation between the profit before tax and taxable profit is presented below:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Profit before tax	335,033,546,883	233,007,287,265
Adjustments:		
Disposal of a subsidiary	37,536,997,255	
Amortised goodwill	6,709,678,902	4,473,119,268
Non-deductible expenses	3,992,383,321	3,850,640,125
Change in accrued expenses	998,238,764	1,142,984,543
(Reversal of provision) provision for		
investments	(13,323,048,310)	15,390,245,680
Unrealised foreign exchange losses	12	121,085,676
Dividends earned	(8,422,164,000)	(4,973,376,250)
Share of losses (profits) of associates	(803,613,002)	579,477,436
Estimated current taxable profit	361,722,019,813	253,591,463,743
Estimated current CIT	79,455,050,132	63,397,865,936
Increase from acquisition of a subsidiary		2,065,090,141
Decrease due to disposal of a subsidiary Adjustment for under accrual of CIT from	(2,648,752,294)	-
prior years	-	792,476,264
CIT payable at beginning of year	34,638,232,422	12,203,462,214
CIT paid during the year	(79,187,348,685)	(43,806,298,357)
CIT payable at end of year	32,257,181,575	34,652,596,198

25.3 Deferred CIT

The following are the deferred tax assets and liabilities recognized by the Group, and the movements thereon, during the current and prior reporting year.

	Consolidated b	alance sheet	Consolidated inc	come statement
	Ending balance	Beginning balance	Current year	Previous year
Accrued expenses	921,462,852	701,850,324	293,307,944	220,310,692

26. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Significant transactions with related parties during the year were as follows:

Related parties	Relationship	Nature of transaction	VND Amount
Dong A Joint Stock Commercial Bank	Related party	Dividends received	7,699,250,000
Dong A Land Joint Stock Company	Associate	Services rendered	5,313,662,665
Remuneration to members Management:	of the Board of	Directors, the Board of	Supervision and
		Current year	VND Previous year
Salaries and bonus		8,445,600,000	7,352,559,205

27. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group leases shops and outlets under operating lease arrangements. The minimum lease commitment as at 31 December 2014 under the operating lease agreement is as follows:

Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
14,095,981,829	17,480,110,344
34,668,159,280	32,573,796,164
36,271,432,000	6,356,902,800
85,035,573,109	56,410,809,308
	14,095,981,829 34,668,159,280 36,271,432,000

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The primary segment reporting format is determined to be business segments as the Group's risks and rates of return are affected predominantly by differences in the products and services produced. The operating businesses are organized and managed consolidated according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The Group is principally engaged in trading gold, silver, jewelry, accessories and gemstone; provision of jewelry inspection service, investment property, oil, and gasoline.

Transfer prices between business segments are set on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Segment revenue, segment expense and segment results include transfers between business segments. Those transfers are eliminated in preparation of consolidated financial statements.

The Group operates in one geographical segment which is Vietnam.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The following tables present revenue and profit and certain assets and liabilities information regarding the Group's business segment.

	100 mg						ONN
	and gemstone	Accessories	Oil, gasoline	Jeweilery Oil, gasoline inspection services	Others	Elimination	Total
For the year ended 31 December 2014;	1 December 2014;						
Revenue Sale to external customers Sale deduction	7,311,455,719,888 (97,976,526,104)	14,722,495,005	14,722,495,005 1,968,961,904,427 (459,590,909)	20,557,649,055	55,352,296	(6,058,769,841)	(6,058,769,841) 9,309,694,350,830 - (98,436,517,013)
Total revenue	7,213,478,793,784	14,722,495,005	1,968,502,313,518	20,557,649,055	55,352,296	(6,058,769,841)	9,211,257,833,817
Results Segment gross profit Unallocated	789,143,533,920	4,383,002,547	78,888,282,763	8,483,302,588	8,735,699,093	(215,499,997)	889,418,320,914
expenses Finance income Finance expenses							(484,755,530,497) 18,739,496,430 (90,254,654,225)
Other profit Net profit before CIT CIT expense							1,885,914,261 335,033,546,883 (79,161,742,188)
Net profit for the year	L						255,871,804,695
Assets and liabilities Segment assets Unallocated assets	2,822,665,949,349	5,450,124,840		18,553,582,157	ř	(21,996,805,575)	2,824,672,850,771
Total assets						N 10	2,828,672,303,349
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	1,518,195,856,419	•	*	1,625,018,416	3	(22,060,674,626)	1,497,760,200,209 34,519,326,833
Total liabilities							1,532,279,527,042

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

	Cold silver			and formed	Annual Control		VND
	and gemstone	Accessories	Gasoline	Gasoline inspection services	property	Elimination	Total
the year ended	For the year ended 31 December 2013:						
Revenue Sale to external customers Sale deduction	7,626,109,944,173	10,455,218,391	1,323,241,482,592	20,666,827,948	7,886,858,874	(14,394,433,983)	8,973,965,897,995 (59,783,311,660)
Total revenue	7,566,326,632,513	10,455,218,391	1,323,241,482,592	20,666,827,948	7,886,858,874	(14,394,433,983)	8,914,182,586,335
Results Segment gross profit Unallocated	603,143,791,798	2,138,778,392	46,739,954,463	17,425,807,049	796,549,466	(557,022,726)	669,687,858,442
expenses Finance income Finance expenses Other profit Net profit before CIT							(375,870,134,808) 23,797,867,875 (84,970,680,816) 362,376,572 233,007,287,265
Net profit for the year	-						169,037,255,757
Assets and liabilities Segment assets Unallocated assets	2,571,737,400,709	6,733,246,387	393,867,103,742	13,803,186,625	52,150,619,987	(85,595,995,411)	(85,595,995,411) 2,952,695,562,039 4,003,428,418
Total assets							2,956,698,990,457
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	1,227,641,312,753	r)	270,352,381,181	1,816,120,546	•	(17,913,615,563)	1,481,896,198,917 68,784,672,108
Total liabilities							1,550,680,871,025

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise loans, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has trade and other receivables, cash, cash equivalents and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations. The Group does not hold or issue any derivative financial instruments.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise four types of risk interest rate risk, currency risk, commodity price risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans, deposits and available-for-sale investments.

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rate relates primarily to the Group's loans, deposits with floating interest rates.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by keeping close watch on relevant market situation, in order to contemplate and adapt its leverage level as well as financing strategies to the prevailing situation.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans.

With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings as follows:

	Increase/decrease in basis points	VND Effect on profit before tax
Current year VND VND	+200 -200	(2,742,580,000) 2,742,580,000
Previous year VND VND	+200 -200	(2,591,660,733) 2,591,660,733

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities.

The Group does not employ any derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposure.

No analysis on foreign currency sensitivity was performed for the year ended 31 December 2014 since the Group's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

Equity price risk

The Group's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainty about future values of the investment securities. The Group manages equity price risk by placing a limit on equity investments. The Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

As at 31 December 2014, the exposure to listed and unlisted equity securities at fair value was VND 450,342,875,000 (31 December 2013: VND 503,151,908,400). A decrease of 10% in the value of the listed and unlisted securities could have an impact of approximately VND 45,034,287,500 (31 December 2013: VND 50,315,190,840) on the Group's profit before tax, depending on whether or not the decline is significant or prolonged. An increase of 10% in the value of the listed and unlisted securities would increase Group's profit before tax by VND 45,034,287,500 (31 December 2013: VND 50,315,190,840).

Commodity price risk

The Group exposes to commodity price risk in relation to purchase of certain commodities. The Group manages its commodity prices risk by keeping close watch on relevant information and situation of commodity market in order to properly manage timing of purchases, production plans and inventories level. The Group does not employ any derivative financial instruments to hedge its commodity price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks.

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by the Group based on its established policy, procedures and control. The Group's exposure to credit risk in relation with receivables is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Group mostly has cash sale which are not exposured to the credit risk.

Bank deposits

The Group's bank balances are mainly maintained with well-known banks in Vietnam. Credit risk from balances with banks is managed in accordance with the Group's policy. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the consolidated balance sheet at each reporting dates are the carrying amounts as illustrated in Note 4. The Group evaluates the concentration of credit risk in respect to bank deposit as low.

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligation due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group monitors its liquidity risk by maintaining a level of cash, cash equivalents and bank loans deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

			VND
	Less than 1 year	From 2 to 5 years	Total
Ending balance			
Loans	1,131,686,128,041	137,129,000,000	1,268,815,128,041
Trade payables	140,059,263,813		140,059,263,813
Other payables, and			
accrued expenses	31,441,360,922	<u> </u>	31,441,360,922
TOTAL	1,303,186,752,776	137,129,000,000	1,440,315,752,776
Beginning balance			
Loans	1,163,972,366,976	129,583,036,649	1,293,555,403,625
Trade payables Other payables, and	111,132,232,389	7	111,132,232,389
accrued expenses	35,490,736,885	14	35,490,736,885
TOTAL	1,310,595,336,250	129,583,036,649	1,440,178,372,899

Collateral

The Group has pledged its inventories, fixed assets and DAB's shares in order to fulfil the collateral requirements for loans obtained from commercial banks (Notes 15 and 19).

The Group did not hold any collateral at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014

30. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Group's financial instruments that are carried in the consolidated financial statements.

		Carrying	Carrying amount		Fair	Fair value
	Ending balance	alance	Beginning balance	r balance	Ending balance	Beginning balance
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision		
Financial assets Other long-term investments Trade receivables Other receivables	460,716,988,400 43,282,823,370 19,615,577,417	(10,308,951,400) (7,787,546,259)	523,602,408,400 52,341,746,512 23,485,827,790	(14,550,000,000)	450,408,037,000 43,282,823,370 11,828,031,158	509,052,408,400 52,341,746,512 14,766,354,231
equivalents	272,305,336,075	1	507,821,745,184	1	272,305,336,075	507,821,745,184
TOTAL	795,920,725,262	(18,096,497,659)	1,107,251,727,886	(23,269,473,559)	777,824,227,603	1,083,982,254,327
			Cerrying	Cerrying amount	Fair	VND Fair value
			Ending balance	Beginning balance	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Financial liabilities Loans			1.268.815.128.041	1.293.555.403.625	1.268.815.128.041	1 293 555 403 625
Trade payables	<u>0</u>		140,059,263,813	106,649,186,389	140,059,263,813	106,649,186,389
Other payables, and accrued expense	suned expense		31,441,360,922	35,490,736,885	31,441,360,922	35,490,736,885
TOTAL			1,440,315,752,776	1,440,178,372,899	1,440,315,752,776	1,440,315,752,776 1,440,178,372,899

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities had not yet been formally assessed and determined as at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013. However, management assessed that the fair values of these financial assets and liabilities were not materially different from their carrying value as at balance sheet date.

31. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the consolidated financial statements.

Duong Quang Hai Preparer

Dang Thi Lai Chief Accountant Cao Thi Ngoc Dung General Director

Cổ PHẨN VÀNG BẠC ĐÁ QUÝ

30 March 2015